









able for both Republic to yesterday. The Republic's and the Republic's territories will be the other a sum of

NEW LOAN.

of the Railway Loan, the greatest victory the Republic ever achieved, establishes its credit abroad on a basis than even Argentina's proposed, and the Government that for railways to be made there of capital waiting in or the investment.

ardly necessary to go back story of Argentine Foreign explain to our readers how credit has grown since Argentina placed a portion of his 13 years ago at 68. Up ago it was deemed impossible the Argentine Government negotiate a new loan either in Europe; and we may our readers that in 1870 the railway works for which this loan was negotiated were by Congress out of the receipts or earnings of the and Andine Railways, six months ago, when the Law was just passed, the opinion in this market was loan would have to be ne with the Provincial Bank, ly on the same terms as the on empreito of 1876.

have, however, thanks to the stand taken by the Roca nment, escaped the meshes of Provincial Bank loan, and the fallacy of building two railways out of the trifling ings of two half-made roads, ere is no other expression for it. last half-year has proved more a century for this country. We outgrown ourselves, our prees, or politics, our errors and ery bouts. The Republic is as ent to-day from what it was in last year, morally, materially, ically and financially, as when y sailed up the Riachuelo. So t is the change that there is not left of the Argentine Reic of 1880, and we really ired some such lesson as up to wake us up to a consciousness of the stupendous change that has come over the ty since the Loan Law was

ver for a moment supposed an Argentine loan would be 18 times over for in En-? Had the subscriptions been double the amount asked, we d have been all well pleased, ed hands, cried 'hip, hip, hip' for Roca P and congratulated selves upon our improved credit, one would have said, 'ca nba,' 'que suerte,' 'que credito,' d possibly some few might have d to a generous enthusiasm d quaffed bumpers of champagne the healths of Messrs. Heine and Cortinez.

The new Loan subscribed for twice in Paris or in London would ibly have been more in harmony with ourselves and our ideas than flood-tide of success which the telegram has announced. We are a all and a little people, and have grow greatly to match the splendid country that we live in. Our views are narrowed by our errors, our judgment spoiled by our defects, and with easy train we fall into the under of measuring the country and its credit by ourselves and our amby-pamby gains.

Everything in this Republic is at low a standard for the world's money market to-day: our lands are selling for a bagatelle; our sheep and cows are worth double their present value; our credit is worth 18 times more than any man on the Bolsa will admit; our Foreign Debt is a feather; our 'curso forzoso' is a lump; our assets are worth 18 times what they represent; the country and its credit, instead of being at a discount, is at a high premium; but the little people in the river Plate do not see this, whilst the big men in Europe acknowledge it.

General Roca, by a stroke of the pen, can pay off the whole Foreign and Home Debt of the Republic. He holds at his disposal 44,000 square leagues of the most fertile land on this continent, which he can sell to-morrow, if his Government thinks proper to issue land warrants, not at so much the acre, as the Government sells the land in the United States, but at so much the square league. The National territory in the Misiones, if parcelled out in lots of a square league, would be bought up in Europe and subscribed for more than 18 times over. If General Roca only asked the price for these lands which to-day every man in this market would consider dear. But we cannot now dwell further on the gigantic resources which the National Government holds in these public lands; we have but one remark to make, and that is, that the surprise which this loan negotiation has caused the wise men of Buenos Aires will be as nothing to the surprise which the expansion of our estates is destined yet to cause in Europe.

Can be used with COLD WATER.

Sole Agents MOORE & TUDOR. Maypu 95 and 127. Beware of imitations and falsification

THE STANDARD FRIDAY, JUNE 3 1881

Hemmed in with the Indians at Junin, Tres Arroyos, 9 de Julio and Sauce Corto, our sheep and cattle were unable to increase in the number which Nature on our boundless plains ordains; but with our cattle, rodeos stretching to the Rio Negro, and sheep 'corrales' going up on the Colorado, we have a new future before us, and if at the last Exhibition in Paris our talented representative, Don Rufino Varela, marked up on the Argentine stall—60,000,000 cows. 14,000,000 sheep. General Roca at some future Exhibition, and also very remote date, may mark up over the Argentine flag—100,000,000 sheep. 30,000,000 cows.

The Mondego's Mails.

London, May 7th. In the House of Lords yesterday Lord Delamere asked whether the Government could give any information relative to affairs at Tunis, especially with reference to the actual occupation of certain towns and the contemplated occupation of others.

Lord Granville replied that there could be no doubt the French had crossed the frontier and occupied Tunisian territory, and that three thousand men had been landed at Biserta. He added that Her Majesty's ship Monarch and a gunboat had been stationed opposite Tunis in case of any popular disorder, of which he believed there was not much chance. It was not unreasonable that the French should resent outrages within Algerian territory, and take measures to prevent their recurrence, but the French Government had constantly given assurances that they did not intend to effect any annexation, and only on Thursday Lord Lyons was requested by M. Barthélemy St. Hilaire to assure Her Majesty's Government that there was no idea of conquest or annexation as regarded Tunis.

Her Majesty's Ministers were not jealous of the legitimate influence which a country like France must exercise over a weak and less civilised neighbor, so long as it was not exercised contrary to our treaty rights and the interests of British subjects under them. It would be the duty of the Government, however, carefully to watch any arrangements which might arise out of the operations now going on, and to see that they did not clash with those rights.

In the House of Commons Mr. Callan directed attention to the pressing necessity for affording facilities for the erection of cottages, with garden plots, for agricultural labourers in Ireland. Mr. Forster said the Government were anxious that something should be done for the amelioration of the condition of this class; and, therefore, the recommendations made when the Land Act of 1870 was passed should be considered with the least possible delay. Mr. Parnell suggested that clauses with this object might be introduced into the Land Bill.

Mr. Bright considered that the improvement of the labourers could only be effected by stimulating their industry, and that the House ought to have some scheme before it which would be of a practical character and of advantage to the labourers. He advised the House, however, not to agree to any plan that would draw the labourer from employment by giving him a small plot of ground on which to grow a few potatoes for his family, and thus consign him to a worse position than he now filled. If, then, the members for Ireland could suggest a practicable plan that did not profit somebody else, but would really improve the condition of the labourer, they would find no members of the House more anxious to adopt it than Her Majesty's Government.

The Cape Ministry, with Mr. Sprigg at its head, has resigned; and Mr. Seaman is engaged forming a new Cabinet.

Nine French vessels have arrived at Biserta from Toulon, and the French have disembarked there ten thousand troops. The French General refused to allow the Governor of the town to telegraph for instructions, and insisted on its immediate surrender, under a threat of bombardment. The Porte and the Bey have prepared new protests to the Powers against the occupation of Tunisian territory. It was reported in Tunis that in an engagement on the 2nd inst, with the Kromira, the French were driven back with heavy loss.

Prince Rudolph's affianced bride arrived at Salzburg with the King and Queen of the Belgians on Thursday evening. The Crown Prince Rudolph warmly greeted the Princess Stephanie, who had a great popular ovation. In continuing her journey to Vienna yesterday, the Princess had an enthusiastic reception on her arrival at Schonbrunn, the railway station being profusely decorated, and triumphal arches spanning the streets of the suburbs

of the capital. The Crown Prince Rudolph yesterday received a congratulatory address from his old tutors.

A sitting was held in Paris of the Monetary Conference yesterday, when the representatives of those States which had reservations to make stated what they were. Germany adheres to a gold standard. The English Delegate said he attended out of deference to the States by whom the invitations had been issued, and was ready to give all information, but he would not vote on the proposals to be submitted.

The French Budget Committee yesterday, by nine votes to four, rejected the proposal to suppress the Embassy at the Vatican.

A meeting of the Privy Council was held yesterday at Dublin Castle, and several other places were proclaimed, including the city of Cork and the city of Kilkenny. Four more arrests were made yesterday in the county Leitrim. Mr. Dillon, M.P., has completely recovered his health.

The Archbishop of Canterbury, speaking at a conference of clergy and Sunday-school workers at Lambeth Palace yesterday, recommended greater infusion of ranks into our Sunday schools, and remarked that where the children of the upper classes joined with those of the lower in receiving religious instruction, the best results had followed.

Late on Thursday night an explosion occurred outside the wall of the Militia Barracks at Chester. On examination, it was found that a bag containing explosive matter had been hung against the wall, and a lighted fuse attached. The force of the explosion was spent outside, and only a few panes of glass were broken in the building.

Mr. W. S. Crawford's Thebaica won the One Thousand by a neck from the Duke of Hamilton's Thors, Lord Falmouth's Gal Gal being a bad third. Ten others ran. The betting at starting was 6 to 5 on Thebaica, 7 to 1 against Thors, and 9 to 2 against Gal Gal.

The Stock Market, in the majority of instances, yesterday showed improvement. Consols for money fetched the best point. American and recovered 4 to 102 1/2, 102 1/2, and for the account 3 1/2 to 102 1/2, 102 1/2. Home Railways experienced a substantial advance, though closing below the best point. American descriptions were well maintained. Among Foreign Government Securities, Russian, Peruvian, Chilean, Argentine, and Turkish Defence were purchased, but a decline was noticed in General Turkish Bonds, Egyptian, Mexican, and Spanish.

STATE OF IRELAND.

Our Dublin correspondent telegraphed last night—

Dublin, May 6th. In the police-court to-day two men, named Nicholls and Kavanagh, were brought before the magistrate charged with complicity in the attempt to assassinate Farrell and Kelly in Cumberland Street on Sunday night. Some evidence against them having been heard, the case was adjourned until Thursday.

Farrell, who was wounded in the neck, remains to-night in a dangerous state.

Over 100 armed police attended yesterday, at Eyre-court, Co. Galway, to protect the sub-sheriff and his assistants in evicting a contractor named Henry Stone from a grass farm, for which 2 years' rent (£26) is due, and also in evicting a man named Larkins from his dwelling. Owing to the absence of some necessary documents the evictions had to be postponed. Had the last-mentioned process been carried out a riot was expected, as a priest is lying ill in Larkins' house.

At the Eyre-court Petty Sessions yesterday two brothers, named Quinn, were charged with attempting to cut off the ears of a tenant farmer named Macdonnell, and threatening to burn him, for taking a farm which they had given to the evidence being insufficient they were discharged.

A process-server and some police recently attempted to seize some stock at Riarod, Co. Galway, belonging to a tenant farmer. On proceeding to the farmer's house the police were met by a party of men, who cheered for the Land League. The bailiff was unable to effect seizure, and had eventually to retire, guarded by the constables. Within the past few days large numbers of writs have been served in the vicinity, and many of the tenants are in receipt of orders for relief.

A resolution has been passed at a meeting of the Longford Town Commissioners, condemning the Town of the Irish Executive in arresting Mr. Dillon, M.P., at a time when his services were most required in Parliament.

At a meeting of the New Ross branch of the Land League, held last evening, the following resolution was passed: 'That, in view of the arrest of the member for Tipperary, we renew our emphatic protest against the Congestion Act, as an outrage on the rights and liberties of the people. That words fail us in expressing our regret and indignation at Mr. Dillon's arrest; and that we tender him, in his prison

cell, the expression of our deepest sympathy and heartfelt gratitude for his chivalrous devotion to the imperishable cause of Irish nationality.

The following resolution was passed at a meeting of the County Down Central Branch of the Land League, held in Downpatrick to-day: 'That we strongly protest against the arrest of John Dillon, Esq. member for Tipperary, as another despicable act of a tyrannical Government, and, while we extend our heartfelt sympathy to Michael Davitt's successor in office and fellow victim in the war against landlordism, we are obliged to express our remorse of the landlord influences which have metamorphosed the champion of 1851 into the gaoler of the Irish Land Reformers of 1881. We hereby pledge ourselves to embrace every opportunity of advancing the holy cause for which Davitt, Dillon, and their brother prisoners have been deprived of their liberty with out trial by judge or jury, and we will continue to work with increasing energy until every tenant farmer in Ireland is empowered and enabled to become the owner of the land he tills.

Dublin, May 6th. Mr. Dillon, M.P., has not been able to leave his cell through illness since Monday night, and to-day he is removed to the infirmary. It is stated that for some years he has suffered from a peculiarly painful form of dyspepsia, and has often been compelled to seek change of climate in Germany or the South of France. He was visited yesterday by Dr. Kenny, who states that no serious anxiety at present need be felt as to his health. No one is allowed to see any of the prisoners held in their cells, and this is complained of as a great hardship.

The furniture of Ebor-hall, the residence of the late Lord Mountmorris, was sold to-day by auction. There was a good attendance, and the furniture brought fair prices, everything passed off quietly.

At a Land League meeting in Frankfurt, in the King's County, the Rev. L. Ryan, O.C., exhorted his hearers to stand together under the banners of the League and to Boycott any person who transgressed their rules. In order to make his advice more intelligible to them he gave the following explanation of the term: 'If any man took a farm from which another had been evicted for nonpayment of an unjust rent, they should not strike him, or shoot at him. If they saw his harvest rotting they should not go near it. If they saw his horse or cow in a drain they should let it stay there. If they saw his house on fire they should let it blaze away. That was Boycotting.'

May 6th. A shocking outrage was committed in Rosscarbery yesterday morning at the house of Mr. John Baileman, shopkeeper. A kettle filled with powder was placed on the sill of the parlor-window of Mr. Baileman, and the powder was exploded by means of a fuse. The report was heard for a considerable distance. The shock completely shattered the sash and part of the wall, but nobody was injured. Mr. Baileman recently took a farm from which the former tenant had been evicted.

The Earl of Cork recently visited his estates in the South of Ireland, and decided upon making certain permanent reductions in the rents of his Charleville tenantry. The tenants on the Cork estates subsequently waited upon his lordship in Cork, and requested concessions upon the same lines as were granted to his other tenantry. He then promised to consider any individual claim that was made, but declined to entertain the idea of a general reduction, particularly as a large proportion of the tenants had paid their rents. The Land League in Cork has backed up the application of the tenantry, and this evening a meeting of the tenants was held in the League room. The chair was occupied by the secretary, who stated he had written to the Charleville Land League for information, and was informed that the reductions made by the Earl of Cork amounted to between 30 and 50 per cent. It was resolved to ask the Earl of Cork to grant them reductions similar to those given to his Charleville tenantry, and remind his lordship that they were committed to the Land League programme. Several of the tenants absented themselves from the meeting.

Patrick and Thomas McGlinch, William Elliot and Patrick McGlinch, all tenant farmers and members of the local branch of the Land League, were arrested yesterday morning at Glendoe, county Leitrim, under the provisions of the Congestion Act. This brings up the number of suspects now in Kilmanham Gaol to 51.

THE ITALIAN OPERA

In spite of all the nonsense written in various papers about the inefficiency of Ferrar's Co. at Colon Theatre, the house is crowded to excess every night; even the high prices, which people so much complain of, do not deter lovers of good music from attending.

L'Africaine was a great success; the third act was splendid, the music scene gorgeous. Borghi Mamo's voice is fresh and melodious, and the soprano legero, Boronati, who played the part of the page in 'Il Ballo di Maschera' fairly took the public by surprise with her extensive voice and good acting in the third act; the baritone and bass sang beautifully, and the ladies, too, Tamagno, appeared to great advantage in this opera. After all the talk of Italian Operas in Europe, I believe there is no great star of a prima donna at present. As for Patti and Nilsson they are neither young nor are their voices fresh, but let us assume for a moment that their performances are all that the papers state them to be, which I very much doubt, and that Ferrar could succeed in engaging them, what would the prices be for Colon?

Look at the Italian Dramatic Co., perhaps the best ever witnessed in this country, performing nightly to empty houses.

THE OLD STAGER

EDITOR'S TABLE

The mails by the R.M. steamer Mondego came up yesterday. The latest London date is 7th ult. We give all the news in another column. Things in Ireland seem farther than ever from settling down.

The first thing in to-day yesterday was the telegram announcing the result of the Derby.

Mr. Lorrillards' Ironsides 1st.

Petroleum 2nd. This is the first time that a Yankee horse, as they say at home, has won the Blue Ribband, in spite of a lavish expenditure and most spirited efforts by American owners to secure the coveted prize. We congratulate our Cousins on their victory. Better be beaten by one of the family than by a foreigner.

Nothing fresh from Montevideo. Laboré has consented to leave the province of Rio Grande, but has not told even his wife where he intends to go, and nobody will be surprised to hear that he loves Montevideo still, in spite of all her faults. The newspapers received from the sister city yesterday are little more than foolscap size. The Boletín de la Tarde is full of the most judiciously selected news about the British campaign in Afghanistan, the rivalry between Patti and Nilsson and other fresh and thrilling intelligence of the kind; but in one insignificant looking paragraph it ventures to say that 'en la semana entrante se despareja la inocencia.' This tallies with our own information.

President Roca received hundreds of congratulatory visits and notes on Wednesday evening in reference to the loan being covered in Paris eighteen times over. There is not much room for doubting the future of this country now. They know more about this republic and its wealth in France than they do in England, not only in the financial but in several other branches as well. Argentine Bonds are now 101 in London.

Deputies Largaña and Zavalla presented to Congress on Wednesday a Bill for employing half a million pesos in assisted passages to Europe paupers wishing to come here. This is all very well, but what is wanted is a more comprehensive measure embodying homesteads, as settled passages, advances, sale of land, &c., and this is not likely to come from private members. The House voted a sum of 2,500 pesos to Mrs. Melchora Pringles, on account of pay due to her brother, the late Colonel Pringles. Deputy Pizarro made a magnificent speech in urging this tardy act of justice on the House.

We publish a corrected list of the Cédulas lately drawn for amortization, as there were some unavoidable errors in that which we gave yesterday.

If any broker has lost a filbury with a white horse, rather groggy about the knees, he will find it on application at the Comisaria of the 17th Section.

The 'Memoria' of the National Finance Minister will be presented to Congress at the end of this month.

Our estancia subscribers looked rather anxious yesterday, owing to the news of hard frosts for the last three nights in several parts of the camp, and consequent havoc amongst lambs, &c. In the suburbs yesterday morning there was a coat of ice on all shallow pools of water, and the little boys were amusing themselves with the frigid novelty.

There will be a sermon in Spanish at the reopening of the San Roque on Sunday, Father Davis, who had been engaged to preach, not being able to attend on the day to which the ceremony was postponed.

A Moron man now claims to have been the first to see Petty's Comet. Nonsense. Mr. P. was the first man this side of the Equator who spied it.

can be pitched heels over head, and drowned for good and all.

The weather is so bracing and cold that the case of yellow fever on board the French mail steamer Congo has not caused the nervous feeling it would have given rise to a month ago. The vessel has been placed in quarantine, but this is merely the old River Plate formality of shutting the stable door when the steed is gone, as most of the first and second class passengers have been in this city since Wednesday morning. Was there no medical 'visit' paid to the ship at Montevideo? There is a screw loose somewhere, and if it were summer we might all have had to pay for it.

We see that the corpse of the man Juan San Martín, poisoned some six months ago by his wife and her paramour, who confessed the crime, is to be exhumed and examined. What absurdity is this?

The Chilean Congress was opened by President Pinto on Wednesday. H. E. says in his Message that the war with Peru prevented his paying due attention to the Boundary Question with this Republic, but that now he will try and settle it for ever. It is evident from the gingerly way in which the Presidents of both Republics have alluded, in their Messages, to this question, that they would settle it if they could see their way. The way is clear enough—Arbitration.

Madame Bocconini, one of the best living actresses, will take her benefit to-morrow night at the Opera House. Those who can appreciate something grander than 'Vilkins and his Dinah' should not miss seeing this actress before she goes. She reminds us greatly of Helen Faucet at her best. Bocconini will play Pauline in the Lady of Lyons to perfection.

It was Mr. J. F. Gahan, of Lobos, who won the 20,000 patacones other day in the Caridad Lottery the other day.

'Fehutadonages' The Captain-General of Ports has issued an order that will clear the passenger Mole of the crowds of 'loafers' who assemble on it every time a packet sails for or arrives from Europe. As the intentions of some of them are known to be 'strictly dishonourable,' the order provides a course of 'look-up' for those who are found at the end of the Mole or on the landing-stairs without any ostensible reason. This is a good step. Many a watch and chain has disappeared, it may be for days and it may be for ever, in those crowds of loungers on the Mole on packet days.

WEATHER TELEGRAM

June 2nd, 1881. Plaza, 7 a.m., San Vicente 8.2 a.m., Jeppener 8.4 a.m., Chascomus 7.34 a.m., Dolores 8.40 a.m., Ranchos 10.40 a.m., Las Flores 9.53 a.m., Azul 8.2 a.m., Maipu 8 a.m., and Ayacucho 6.40 a.m., fine. Yesterday rain, cloudy and fine.

San Vicente cloudy. Jeppener, afternoon cloudy. Chascomus, fine. Dolores, cloudy. Ranchos, fine. Las Flores do. Maipu do. Ayacucho do.

MAITELL BRANDY—Imported by Moore and Tudor.

MAITELL BRANDY—The best of all blended. The best of all blended. The best of all blended.

MAITELL BRANDY—Always of unvarying good quality.

MAITELL BRANDY—Guaranteed by our signature on the label.

MAITELL BRANDY—Free from the noxious compounds found in the so-called 'Brandy' from other sources.

MAITELL BRANDY—Beware of falsified. The gold medals awarded to the ordinary Brandy served out of old Martell bottles in the second-rate 'Confectionery.'

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congratulate Gen. Roca on his victory over the Indians, as pronounced as his triumph over the Indians.

Gold opened at 27.75 cash, and dropped down to 27.50, closing at 27.50. The fall since yesterday is about 4 cents; we have seen gold in less than 100 cents, but nothing was thought of it sharp enough were the cash sales, 101,620 pata ready gold, and they say more would be sold, but the price could not be got. There is some talk of gold coming up this morning from Montevideo for sale here, and also gold coming from Rio, but these may only be mere rumors; what the market has to prepare itself for is the Minister of Hacienda's exchange when that comes on the market some people will find gloves at 50 cents. For this end of the month, 200,000 pata sold, opening at 27.75, selling down to 27.50, and closing at 27.50. For Dec. sales at 26.50. Some of the little exchange book tables are now no use, the computations being from 38 upwards.

The gold sales reached 11 million. Cédulas took a bound to-day, and the people that gave their brokers orders in the morning to buy 100,000, only got 20,000. The German broker took nearly every lot offered; the British did like Bonds and Heligens, and Treasury notes, they will soon be 50 premium. They say on Change that the Nat. Government will offer the bank building 138,000 Cédulas bought cash.

Nat. Bank shares were pushed down by the men who want to buy more, but the bid is that before the dividend they go to par.

The sales at the ring were— For June 1st 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 2nd 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 3rd 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 4th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 5th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 6th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 7th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 8th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 9th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 10th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 11th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 12th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 13th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 14th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 15th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 16th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 17th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 18th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 19th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 20th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 21st 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 22nd 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 23rd 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 24th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 25th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 26th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 27th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 28th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 29th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75 For June 30th 27.75 27.75-27.75-27.75

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THE LAND LEAGUE IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, 20th May.

Dear Sir,

Will you have the kindness to publish the following in your paper.

On Sunday 20th inst., a meeting of the Irish residents of the district was held at St. Mary's Church in the parish of Clarendon, for the purpose of helping the Irish National Land League.

The Rev. Father Leahy, being elected to the chair, appointed Mr. Edward Morrough secretary to the meeting.

The first resolution was proposed by Mr. Edward Morrough, seconded by Mr. Patrick Canning, and carried unanimously.

Resolved that we consider it time for every Irishman and Irishwoman in this republic, to openly express his feelings on the Irish National Land League, and to help it by every means in his power till finally effected, because

1st—We are fully convinced it is perfectly just both to Landlord and tenant.

2nd—Absolutely necessary for the tranquility and happiness of Ireland.

The second resolution was proposed by Mr. Thomas Kearney, seconded by Mr. Patrick Canning, and carried unanimously.

To be better informed on leading events in this present crisis of our country, resolved that we subscribe for more 'Home papers', and that we request our local English papers when they give us 'Home news' to give it truthfully and not from unauthoritative and hostile sources, as many times heretofore.

The third resolution was proposed by Mr. Patrick Canning, seconded by Mr. Patrick Green, and carried unanimously.

Resolved—That we most warmly and respectfully thank the relatives who as of old stand in honor of trial by their country, and raise their voices against its oppressors and mistaken friends, and especially do we thank his Grace of Ouseley and his Lordship of Meath, both to-day deservedly amongst the most beloved of the Irish hierarchy in all parts of the world.

Mr. Thomas Kearney having been voted to the second chair, a vote of thanks was proposed to the Rev. Father Leahy, which was carried unanimously.

The following officers were duly elected—

Mr. Thomas Kearney, Estancia Santa Maria, President.

Mr. Patrick Keating, Mts. Amala, Treasurer.

Messrs. Patrick and Joseph Green, Hon. Secretaries.

The meeting separated.

I remain, dear Sir,

Yours very truly,

EDWARD MORROUGH.

[With regard to the second resolution, had we been present we should have proposed an amendment to the effect that our friends outside subscribe for more copies of the Standard. As for the home news we published, it is generally taken from the London papers, since, with the exception of the Freeman, we never could get our Irish colleagues to exchange, as they take no interest in this country or the Irishmen in it—Ed. Standard.]

Dr. Jayne's

EXPECTORANT

Stabbing Coughs & Colds

Yield promptly to the healing and curative properties of

Dr. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT

It cures and promotes the relief of

Bronchitis, Asthma, and

Throat Troubles

As it is so effective in

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Salta & Quesada

GANADOS

3000 OVEJAS MESTIZAS

EN CHASCOMUS

En la fonda Francesa

Donde estara la bandera

Por orden del Sr. Juez de

El Jueves 9 de Junio

A las 10 de la mañana

Se venden a la pública

Subasta, en el campo de

San Juan de los Rios, una

gran cantidad de ganado

de la raza de Santa Fe,

que se venden a la pública

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